Selecting the Right Strategies to Help You Learn

There are many different strategies that you can apply to your learning, but knowing what strategy to use and when to use it is critical. When selecting a strategy to support you in your learning, it's important to think about a couple of things. First, you need to know the purpose of your learning. Why are you doing what you are doing? When you know the purpose, it can help you better select appropriate learning strategies. For example, if you know that you are going to be conducting an experiment in your science class, then planning for the task is an effective strategy to select. It is critical for you to be aware of the steps of the experiment, have the supplies and resources that you need, and know the criteria to carry out each step in the experiment. Taking a moment to plan for the task, either individually or with a group of your peers, will help ensure the experiment is carried out safely and effectively.



Directions: Take a moment to look through the strategies below. Think about your understanding of each strategy and what it looks like in your learning. Rate each strategy using the following scale:

- I fully understand this strategy and know how to apply it in my learning.
- I know what this strategy is, but I'm not sure how to use it in my learning.
- I have seen or heard of this strategy before, but I'm not sure what it means or how to use it in my learning.
- This is a new strategy for me. I don't know what that looks like.

Note-taking	Annotating	Self-questioning
Outlining	Repeated reading	Self-monitoring
Graphic organizers	Summarizing	Planning for the task
Concept mapping	Organizing notes	Transforming information
Synthesizing information	Deconstructing information	Studying

Let's look at a couple of other examples of learning experiences and determine a strategy that could help support it.



Matching Strategies with Learning Tasks

Directions: Take a moment to read the description of each sample learning task. Then, in the space provided, write your thoughts about which strategy may be effective and why.

1

Sample Learning Task 1:

The bell just rang for social studies class to begin, and your teacher lets you know that in today's lesson you will be exploring all the different causes and effects of World War I. The teacher is going to give a fifteen-minute lecture providing background information about World War I, and then you will be responsible for reading two different primary sources about the war. There are a lot of details to remember that you will need later in order to determine and support your explanation for the causes and effects of World War I.

What might be an effective strategy to use for this learning task?

Why is it an effective strategy?

2

Sample Learning Task 2:

For the past two days in class you have been learning about all the pieces included in an effective argumentative essay, and now you need to start thinking about the design of your own argumentative essay. You can choose from a few options of texts and topics to use for your essay, so you need to figure out how to get started. Before you turn in a final essay, you'll need to submit a rough draft to your teacher. You'll have class time to work on this, but you'll also need to spend some time on this essay outside of class.

What might be an effective strategy to use for this learning task?

Why is it an effective strategy?

Now that you've taken a look at a couple of sample learning tasks, let's focus on what you are learning today and what strategies can support your learning.



Learning Strategies Checklist

Directions: Think about what you are learning today. Check the boxes that most closely reflect your learning task.

Today your task entails...

Writing an essay/paper	Solving problems	Analyzing ideas, concepts and/or characters
Reading an article	Giving a presentation	Creating a project
Studying a novel	Taking an assessment/ test/quiz	Evaluating ideas, concepts and/or characters
Conducting an experiment	Learning a new concept or idea	Writing a lab report
Working (collaboratively) in a group	Analyzing data	Developing a timeline
		Other

Directions: Look at the list of strategies below. Check at least one strategy that you will use to support you in what you are learning today.

Learning Strategies

Note-taking	Annotating	Self-questioning
Outlining	Repeated reading	Self-monitoring
Graphic organizer	Summarizing	Planning for the task
Concept mapping	Organizing notes	Transforming information
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Take a moment to think about the strategy you used in your learning today. Why did you select this strategy? Do you think that it supported you in your learning? Why or why not?